THE MINISTER OF URBAN DEV ELOPMENT (SHRIMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI): (a) and (c) The position is as under:—

S. No.	Name of Night Shelter	Accommodation/Capacity of dwellers
	PERMANENT NIGHT SHELTERS	
1	Railway Station	2000 persons
2	Lahori Gate	200 persons
3	Delhi Gate	200 persons
4	Andha Mugal	400 persons
5	Katra Maula Bux	650 persons
6	G. T. Road, Shahdara	100 persons
	TEMPORARY NIGHT SHELTERS	
7	Turkman Gate	400 persons
8	Karol Bagh	150 persons
9	Boulward Road	150 persons
10	Jahangir Puri	400 persons

(b) No night shelters were constructed during the year 1984-85. During 1985-86, construction of night shelters at the following sites was taken-up and these are at various stages of construction at present:

1. Basti Nizamuddin.
2. Azadpur Subzi Mandi.
3. Paharganj.

During the current year upto October, 1986, one night shelter at Shahzada Bagh is being taken up for construction. The work for this project has been awarded and its construction is to start very soon

(d) Any poor pavement dweller/homeless person can get accommodation in a night shelter.

(e) Each night shelter provides facilities like Lavoratory blocks, bathrooms, medical aid, drinking water, jute matting, blankets, books etc. Television sets have also been provided in permanent night shelters.

(f) During the Seventh Plan period, an outlay of Rs 3 00 crores has been approved for construction of 25 shelters. Out of these, as stated in part (b) of the reply, three of the night shelters are at various stages of construction, while the work of one night shelter has been awarded and its construction will start very soon. Construction of the remaining 21 night shelters will be taken up in the course of the remaining years of the Seventh Plan, subject to suitable sites, which are being explored, becoming available.

Production of fertilisers

*274. SHRI V NARAYANASAMY: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the fertiliser consumption has gone up in the agriculture sector but its production has gone down during the last 3 years; and

(b) if so, what steps have been taken by Government to achieve the target of production equivalent to the level of consumption of fertilisers?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI G. S. DHILLON): (a) No, Sir; alongwith the consump-

tion, the production of fertilizers has also increased during the last three years.

(b) No target has been laid down to increase the indigenous production to the level of its requirements. Seventh Plan also recognises that there shall be a significant gap between demand and indigenous production of fertilizers and the aim is to augment the production in order to contain the gap to a reasonable level. With this end in view, a number of new projects have been taken up for implementation.

Import of Captive Power Plants by the National Fertilizers Limited

*275. SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the National Fertilizer Limited has been allowed to import two '30 Megawatt' captive power Plants for its Panipat and Bhatinda units despite the fact that such plants can be manufactured by BHEL and procured indigenously; and

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor indicating the drawbacks that indigenous plants suffer from as compared to the imported ones?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI G. S DHILLON): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Government permitted the import of plant and machinery required for seting up the captive power plants keeping in view the quicker delivery schedules and the lower prices of the foreign vendors. The imported equipment is also expected to have greater operational efficiency.

Agitation by fishermen against use of trawlers

*276 SHRI M. KADHARSHA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Governments attention has been drawn to the news item which appeared in 'The Times of India, dated the 15th October, 1986 to the effect that the National Fishermen's Forum representing trade unions of fishermen all over the country have planned a nation-wide agitation in March, 1987 to press for the rights of traditional fishermen *vis-a-vis* those using trawlers; and

(b) if so, what steps Government propose to take in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI G. S. DHILLON): (a) Government of India have no official information about the nation-wide agitation by the National Fishermen's Forum. However, there was a report in 'The Times of India' dated 15th October, 1986 regarding launching of a nation-wide agitation by National Fishermen's Forum in March, 1987 to press for the rights of traditional fishermen vis-a-vis those using trawlers.

(b) Government of India had issued requisite guidelines and circulated a Model Bill in 1979 for demarcating various zones of fishing for traditional, mechanised and large boats. Based on the guidelines and Model Bill, State Governments of Kerala, Orissa, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu and Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu have enacted suitable legislation to protect the interests of fishermen especially those belonging to traditional sector. Governments of Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka have passed Executive orders in this regard. The remaining States and Union Territories are considering enactment of suitable ligislation.

Paddy Procurement in Punjab and Haryana

*277. SHRI SURAJ PRASAD:
SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA:

Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be please to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that huge quantity of paddy has arrived in the mandis of Punjab and Haryana during the current season;